

Canadian Securities Administrators

Autorités canadiennes en valeurs mobilières

## **Proposed National Instruments**

### NI 93-101 Derivatives: Business Conduct

## NI 93-102 Derivatives: Registration

June 27, 2018

# Introduction

- Consultation Paper 91-407 2013
- NI 93-101 Derivatives: Business Conduct
  - o Published for comment April 4, 2017 21 comment letters received
  - Published for second comment June 14, 2018 comment period closes September 17, 2018
  - o There will be additional publication(s) for comment for the appendices
- NI 93-102 Derivatives: Registration
  - Published for comment April 19, 2018 –
    comment period closes September 17, 2018



# NI 93-101 Derivatives: Business Conduct



## Background

#### Objectives

- Business conduct regime that parallels securities regime in NI 31-103 but that is tailored for OTC derivatives
- Establish requirements for persons in the business of trading or advising on derivatives
- Two-tiered approach with increased protections where person receiving services is less sophisticated or has limited financial resources

#### • Key concepts

- o Derivatives adviser
- o Derivatives dealer
- o Derivatives party
- o Eligible derivatives party
  - Commercial hedger
- o Affiliated entity



## Application

- Instrument applies to all persons that are derivatives advisers and dealers in a jurisdiction
  - Trade derivatives with or for a person or advise a person on derivatives in a jurisdiction
- Does not apply where
  - Only trade with or for a person or advise a person that is an affiliated entity
  - The derivatives dealer or adviser is a government, central bank or the BIS or IMF
- Exemption from requirements when dealing with an eligible derivatives party - Exempt from all requirements in the Instrument except
  - o Part 3, Division 1
  - o Sections 23 and 24

- o Subsection 27(1)
- o Part 5



## Requirements that apply to everyone

- General obligations toward all (Part 3, Division 1)
  - o Fair dealing
  - o Conflict of interest management
  - o Derivatives-party identification
- Derivatives party accounts (Part 4, only 2 sections)
  - o Basic asset segregation requirement (s. 24)
  - o Basic trade confirmation requirement (s. 27(1))
- Compliance and recordkeeping (Part 5)
  - o Compliance and risk-management systems
  - o Senior manager duties
  - o Client/counterparties agreements
  - o Recordkeeping



## Requirements when dealing with non-EDPs

#### Additional obligations/restrictions (Part 3, Div 2–3)

- o Derivatives-party-specific know-your-derivatives party
- o Product suitability
- o Permitted referral arrangements
- Complaint handling
- o Prohibition on tied selling
- Derivatives party accounts (Part 4)
  - o Relationship disclosure
  - o Pre-trade disclosures
  - o Report daily valuations
  - o Notice by non-resident registrants
  - o Holding, use and investment of assets
  - o Transaction confirmations
  - o Statements



## Requirements that apply to everyone

- Fair dealing (s. 8)
- Conflict of interest management (s. 9)
- Know your derivatives party (s. 10)
- Asset segregation (s. 24)
- Transaction confirmations (s. 27(1))



## Requirements that apply to everyone

- Compliance and risk-management systems (s. 30)
- Senior derivatives manager (s. 29)
  - Someone above the level of the trading desk but close enough to the day-to-day activity to know what's going on
- Senior derivatives manager duties (s. 31)
  - o Supervision to ensure compliance
  - o Respond to non-compliance
  - o Prepare compliance report
  - o Submit report to the board (may be submitted through CCO)
- Firm self-reporting (s. 32)
  - o Firm must report material non-compliance to regulator



## Requirements that apply to everyone

• Derivatives party agreement (s. 33)

o Enter into agreements before transacting

- Recordkeeping (s. 34-35)
  - o General records, including of compliance
  - o Transaction records



## Requirements when dealing with non-EDPs

- Derivatives-party-specific needs and objectives (s.11)
- Suitability (s. 12)
- Referral arrangements (s. 13–15)
- Complaint handling (s. 16)
- Tied selling prohibition and disclosure (s. 17)



## Requirements when dealing with non-EDPs

- Relationship disclosure (account opening) (s. 18)
- Pre-trade disclosure (s. 19)
- Daily/monthly valuations make available (s. 20)
- Notice by non-resident dealers/advisers (s. 21)



### Requirements when dealing with non-EDPs

- Derivatives Party Assets (s. 22-26)
  - o Basic segregation (s. 24)
  - o Initial margin (s. 22, 25–26)
- Transaction confirmations (s. 27)
- Quarterly statements (s. 28)



### **Exemptions from the Instrument**

#### • End Users (s. 37)

A person or company is exempt if it does not

- Solicit/transact with non-EDP
- Advise non-EDP (other than general advice)
- Regularly make or offer to make a market
- Regularly facilitate or intermediate transactions
- Facilitate clearing through a qualifying clearing agency
- o Exclude activities with affiliates (except investment funds)
- o Not available if person or company is registered



## Exemptions from Specific Requirements (Dealers)

- Foreign Derivatives Dealer (s. 38)
  - A foreign derivatives dealer from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix A is exempt if it
    - Does not solicit/transact with a non-EDP in the local jurisdiction
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix A
    - Reports to the regulator material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - o Additional conditions

#### • Investment Dealer (s. 39)

- Exempt from requirements in Appendix B if it complies with corresponding IIROC requirement and notifies regulator of material non-compliance
- Canadian Financial Institution (s. 40)
  - Exempt from requirements in Appendix C if it complies with corresponding prudential regulator requirement and notifies regulator of material noncompliance



### Exemptions from Specific Requirements (Dealers)

- Derivatives Trading Facility (s. 41)
  - A derivatives firm is exempt from s. 10 (Know your derivatives party) and
    s. 27 (Content and delivery of transaction information) if
    - The transaction is on/subject to rules of the DTF
    - The transaction is submitted for clearing/accepted for clearing by a qualifying clearing agency
    - The firm does not know the identity of the derivatives party prior to execution
    - At the time of the transaction, the derivatives party is an EDP



## **Exemptions for Derivatives Advisers**

- Advising Generally (s. 42)
  - Exemption for general advice that is not tailored
  - o Disclose financial or other interest in recommended derivatives
- Foreign Derivatives Adviser (s. 43)
  - A foreign derivatives adviser from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix D is exempt if it
    - Does not provide advice to a non-EDP (other than general advice)
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix D
    - Reports to the regulator material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - o Additional conditions



### Transitional

- Effective Date (s. 45)
  - Except for sections 8 (Fair dealing), 20 (Daily reporting) and 28 (Derivatives party statements), the requirements in the Instrument will not apply to preexisting derivatives if the derivatives firm has taken reasonable steps to determine that a derivatives party is a "permitted client", "accredited counterparty" or "qualified party".



## NI 93-102 Derivatives: Registration



## Background

- Objectives
  - Establish requirements for the registration of key participants in derivatives markets, that will
    - mitigate risks to market participants by weeding out individuals that are bad apples
    - ensure they have the necessary training and experience
  - Require firms to have adequate financial resources
  - Ensure firms have systems to ensure compliance and manage risk



## Application

- Key concepts largely the same as NI 93-101
  - Principal regulator reduce burden by having a principal point of contact in Canada
  - o Ultimate designed person, chief compliance officer, chief risk officer
  - Managed account
- Instrument does not apply to the governments, crown corporations whose accounts are consolidated with those of a government for accounting purposes, central banks, the BIS or IMF



## Application

- Basic requirement for a dealer or adviser to be registered comes from the various provincial Acts
- Additional registration triggers (s. 6)
  - o Transacting with or soliciting transactions with a person that is not an EDP
  - o Providing clearing services to another person
- Registration categories for firms (s. 7–8)
  Restricted derivatives dealer and restricted derivatives adviser
- Requirement to be an IIROC dealer member (s. 9)
  o If trade with or for an individual that is not an EDP



## Application

#### Registration categories for individuals

- o Derivatives dealing representative
- o Derivatives advising representative
- o Derivatives ultimate designated person
- o Derivatives chief compliance officer
- o Derivatives chief risk officer

#### • Exemption from registration as a representative

- o If the individual only deals with or advises EDPs
- If the individual is not a derivatives advising representative for a managed account



## Requirements at a glance

- Maintain registration in a category appropriate to your activities (s. 6–8, 10–16, 19–25); join IIROC if transacting with individual non-EDPs (s. 9)
- Be proficient (s. 17–18)
- Designate a derivatives ultimate designated person, a derivatives chief compliance officer and a derivatives chief risk officer (s. 26–30)
  - o Each of which has specified duties
  - o Must have access to the board
- Maintain prescribed capital (TBD) (s. 31)
- Submit to audits as required (s. 32–33)



## Requirements at a glance

- Deliver financial statements (s. 34–37)
- Implement compliance and risk management systems (s. 38–39)
- Confirmations with DPs (s. 40)
- Valuations (s. 41)
- Dispute resolution (s. 42)
- Business continuity and disaster recovery (s. 43)
- Portfolio reconciliation (s. 44)
- Portfolio compression (s. 45)
- Recordkeeping (s. 46-47)



## Proficiency requirements (s. 17–18)

- Firm must ensure individuals have education, training and experience that a reasonable person would consider necessary
- Additionally: prescribed CCO, CRO, UDP, and dealing and advising representative qualifications

In each case, we have proposed a baseline for comment



## Ultimate Designated Person (s. 27)

- Firm must designate a person who meets the requirements in (1)
- Supervise and promote compliance
- Report material non-compliance to the board
- Report material non-compliance to the regulator
- Access to board (s. 30)



## Chief Compliance Officer (s. 28)

- Firm must designate a person who meets the requirements in (1)
- Policies and procedures designed to assess compliance
- Monitor and assess compliance
- Report material non-compliance to the UDP
- Annual compliance report to the board
- Access to board (s. 30)

## Chief Risk Officer (s. 29)

- Firm must designate a person who meets the requirements in (1)
- Policies and procedures to assess and manage derivatives risks
- Monitor and assess compliance with risk management policies and procedures
- Report material non-compliance to the UDP
- Annual compliance report to the board
- Access to board (s. 30)



#### Financial, compliance, and risk management (s. 31–39)

- Capital requirements (s. 31)
- Audits (s. 32–33)
- Financial statements (s. 34–37)
- Compliance policies and procedures (s. 38)
- Risk management policies and procedures (s. 39)
  - o Approved by board
  - o Identify risks
  - o Establish risk tolerance limits and risk management requirements
  - o Periodic review of risks and limits
  - o Monitor compliance with risk policies & procedures
  - o Periodic reporting to UDP and board
  - o Reporting of material changes in risk exposure
  - o Independent review of RM systems



Interaction with clients and counterparties (s. 40-45)

- Confirmation of material terms after each transaction (s. 40)
- Written agreement for valuation process (s. 41)
- Disputes (s. 42)
- Portfolio reconciliation (s. 44)
- Portfolio compression (s. 45)



BCP/DR and Recordkeeping (s. 43, 46–47)

- Business continuity and disaster recovery (s. 43)
- Recordkeeping (s. 46-47)



## **Exemptions from Registration (Dealers)**

#### Not in the Business of Trading (s. 48)

- o In BC, MB and NB, a person or company is exempt if it <u>does not</u>
  - Engage in business of trading, as principal or agent
  - Solicit/transact with non-EDP
  - Regularly quote prices or otherwise make or offer to make a market
  - Regularly facilitate or intermediate transactions
  - Facilitate clearing through a qualifying clearing agency

#### • End-User (s. 49)

- A person or company is exempt if it <u>does not</u>
  - Solicit/transact with non-EDP
  - Advise non-EDP (other than general advice)
  - Regularly make or offer to make a market
  - Regularly facilitate or intermediate transactions
  - Facilitate clearing through a qualifying clearing agency
- o Not available if person or company is registered



## Exemptions from Registration (Dealers)

- Limited Notional Amount under Derivatives (s. 50)
  - Person or company does not solicit/transact with non-EDP
  - Person or company does not advise non-EDP (other than general advice)
  - o \$250 million threshold
- Limited Notional Amount under Commodity Derivatives for Commodity Derivatives Dealer (s. 51)
  - o Person or company does not solicit/transact with non-EDP
  - o Person or company does not advise non-EDP (other than general advice)
  - o Person or company is only a derivatives dealer for commodity derivatives
  - o \$1 billion threshold
- Exemptions are not available if person or company is registered



## Proposed Methodologies for Notional Amount

- Notional amount as a proxy for activity
- Thresholds based on (monetary) notional amount outstanding
- Converting a notional quantity to a monetary notional amount
- Request for comment:
  - o Static, measured at outset, or Current, measured at each calculation
  - Proposed approaches for "price" & "quantity"



## **Exemptions from Registration (Dealers)**

- Foreign Derivatives Dealer (s. 52)
  - A foreign derivatives dealer from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix B is exempt if it
    - Does not solicit/transact with a non-EDP
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix B
    - Notifies the regulator of material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - o Additional conditions



## Exemptions from Registration (Advisers)

- Advising Generally (s. 57)
  - Exemption for general advice that is not tailored
  - o Disclose financial or other interest in recommended derivatives
- Dealer without Discretionary Authority (s. 58)
- Foreign Derivatives Adviser (s. 59)
  - A foreign derivatives adviser from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix G is exempt if it
    - Does not provide advice to a non-EDP (other than general advice)
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix G
    - Notifies the regulator of material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - o Additional conditions



## Exemptions from Registration (both)

- Affiliated Entities (s. 53 & s. 60)
  - A person or company is exempt from the dealer registration requirement and the adviser registration requirement if it is only required to register because of activities with an affiliated entity
  - o Exemption is not available if the affiliated entity is an investment fund.



### Exemptions from Specific Requirements (Dealers)

- Foreign Derivatives Dealer (s. 54)
  - A foreign derivatives dealer from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix D is exempt from a requirement specified in Appendix D if it
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix D
    - Notifies the regulator of material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - o Additional Conditions
- Investment Dealer (s. 55)
  - Exempt from requirements in Appendix E if it complies with the corresponding IIROC requirement.
- Canadian Financial Institution (s. 56)
  - Exempt from requirements in Appendix F if it complies with the corresponding prudential regulator requirement and notifies the regulator of material non-compliance



### Exemptions from Specific Requirements (Advisers)

- Foreign Derivatives Adviser (s. 61)
  - A foreign derivatives adviser from a jurisdiction listed in Appendix
    H is exempt from a requirement specified in Appendix H if it
    - Is registered/licensed/authorized in the foreign jurisdiction
    - Is subject to and complies with foreign laws in Appendix H
    - Notifies the regulator of material non-compliance with foreign laws
  - Additional Conditions



## **Contact details**

**Michael Brady** 

Manager, Derivatives British Columbia Securities Commission <u>mbrady@bcsc.bc.ca</u>

**Chad Conrad** Legal Counsel Alberta Securities Commission <u>chad.conrad@asc.ca</u>

Wendy Morgan Senior Legal Counsel Financial and Consumer Services Commission (NB) Wendy.morgan@fcnb.ca

